## **Embedded Systems - Lab 4**

## <u>Task</u>

Your goal is to program the DBGU module to send and receive characters via the RS232 port. Your program should work as follows:

- 1. It accepts a string typed by the user on the computer (minicom).
- 2. It displays the unaltered string on the minicom terminal.
- 3. The ARM processor converts capital leters into small ones and vice versa.
- 4. The result of the conversion operation is displayed on the PC screen.

Example minicom screen:

>Welcome message
>Test String 123 -> Your input
>tEST sTRING 123 -> ARM generated output

You should create your library DBGU.h and DBGU.c where you will define the following functions (but not limited to):

- int DBGU\_init(void) initialisation procedures, returns 0 if successful, -1 if failure.
- int DBGU\_SendData(unsigned char\* data) sends a string specified by the pointer, returns the number of characters sent.
- int DBGU\_ReadData(unsigned char\* data) captures an incomming string into the pointer, returns the number of characters received.

You may find the following information useful:

- The RS232 standard operates in full-duplex mode.
- Communications is of 8N1 type (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit).
- The baudrate is 115200.
- Peripherals operate at 100 MHz.
- To display your input on the screen use the DBGU module in the automatic echo mode.

## <u>References</u>

- 1. AT91SAM9263 Preliminary:
  - Chapter 30: Debug Unit
  - Chapter 31: Parallel Input/Output Controller
  - Chapter 28: Power Management Controller